Adopted Rejected

COMMITTEE REPORT

YES: 9 NO:

MR. SPEAKER:

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Your Committee on <u>Veterans Affairs and Public Safety</u>, to which was referred House Bill 1362 , has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, between the enacting clause and line 1, begin a new

"SECTION 1. IC 34-31-2-11 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 3 4 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 11. IC 36-8-12-8 5 (Concerning volunteer firefighters and emergency medical services 6 personnel). 7 SECTION 2. IC 36-8-12-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.43-2005, 8

SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE

9 JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 2. As used in this chapter:

paragraph and insert:

10 "Emergency medical services personnel" means health care providers trained to provide pre-hospital emergency services who: 11

12 (1) as a result of a written application, have been elected or 13 appointed to membership in a volunteer fire department; and

14 (2) have executed a pledge to faithfully perform, with or

1	without nominal compensation, the work related duties
2	assigned and orders given to the health care providers by the
3	chief of the volunteer fire department or an officer of the
4	volunteer fire department, including orders or duties
5	involving education and training.
6	"Employee" means a person in the service of another person under
7	a written or implied contract of hire or apprenticeship.
8	"Employer" means:
9	(1) a political subdivision;
10	(2) an individual or the legal representative of a deceased
11	individual;
12	(3) a firm;
13	(4) an association;
14	(5) a limited liability company;
15	(6) an employer that provides on-the-job training under the
16	federal School to Work Opportunities Act (20 U.S.C. 6101 et
17	seq.) to the extent set forth in IC 22-3-2-2.5(a); or
18	(7) a corporation or its receiver or trustee;
19	that uses the services of another person for pay.
20	"Essential employee" means an employee:
21	(1) who the employer has determined to be essential to the
22	operation of the employer's daily enterprise; and
23	(2) without whom the employer is likely to suffer economic injury
24	as a result of the absence of the essential employee.
25	"Nominal compensation" means annual compensation of not more
26	than twenty thousand dollars (\$20,000).
27	"Public servant" has the meaning set forth in IC 35-41-1-24.
28	"Responsible party" has the meaning set forth in IC 13-11-2-191(d).
29	"Volunteer fire department" means a department or association
30	organized for the purpose of answering fire alarms, extinguishing fires,
31	and providing other emergency services, the majority of members of
32	which receive no compensation or nominal compensation for their
33	services.
34	"Volunteer firefighter" means a firefighter:
35	(1) who, as a result of a written application, has been elected or
36	appointed to membership in a volunteer fire department;
37	(2) who has executed a pledge to faithfully perform, with or
38	without nominal compensation, the work related duties assigned

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and orders given to the firefighter by the chief of the volunteer fire department or an officer of the volunteer fire department, including orders or duties involving education and training as prescribed by the volunteer fire department or the state; and

(3) whose name has been entered on a roster of volunteer firefighters that is kept by the volunteer fire department and that has been approved by the proper officers of the unit.

"Volunteer member" means a member of a volunteer emergency medical services association connected with a unit as set forth in IC 16-31-5-1(6).

SECTION 3. IC 36-8-12-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 6. (a) Each unit that has a volunteer fire department shall procure insurance in the name of and for the benefit of each member of the department. However, if a contract or agreement exists between a unit and a volunteer fire department, the contract or agreement must provide for insurance of the volunteer firefighters and emergency medical services personnel in the department in the amounts and with the coverages required by this chapter. Unless the contract or agreement stipulates otherwise, all insurance coverage must be under a group plan, rather than in the name of each individual firefighter and member of the emergency medical services personnel. Either the unit or the volunteer fire department, according to the contractor agreement, may undertake procurement of required insurance, but in either case, the costs of coverage must be borne by the unit. If a volunteer fire department serves more than one (1) unit under a contract or agreement, each unit that the department serves shall pay the amount for the insurance coverage determined under the following formula:

STEP ONE: For each census block or other area in a unit that is served by more than one (1) volunteer fire department, divide the population of the area by the number of volunteer fire departments serving the area, and round the quotient to the nearest one thousandth (.001).

STEP TWO: Add the quotients determined under STEP ONE for the unit.

STEP THREE: Determine the sum of the STEP TWO amounts for all of the units served by the same volunteer fire department.

38 STEP FOUR: Divide the STEP TWO amount for a unit by the

STEP THREE amount and round the quotient to the nearest one thousandth (.001).

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STEP FIVE: Multiply the costs of the insurance coverage for the volunteer fire department by the quotient determined under STEP FOUR, rounded to the nearest dollar.

- (b) A diminution of insurance benefits may not occur under this section because of a change in the insurance carrier or a change as to who actually procures the required insurance.
- (c) Each unit that has a volunteer fire department may procure an insurance policy for the benefit of auxiliary groups whose members could be injured while assisting the volunteer firefighters and emergency medical services personnel in the performance of their duties.
- (d) Each unit that has a volunteer fire department may procure an insurance policy or any other type of instrument that provides retirement benefits as an incentive to volunteer firefighters and emergency medical services personnel for continued service.
- (e) An insurance policy or other instrument containing any of the provisions authorized by subsection (d) may not be considered in the computation of nominal compensation for purposes of this chapter.
- (f) A volunteer firefighter or member of the emergency medical services personnel who becomes covered by an insurance policy or other instrument containing any of the provisions authorized by subsection (d) does not thereby become eligible for membership in the public employees' retirement fund under IC 5-10.3.
- (g) If a unit fails to provide the insurance for a volunteer firefighter or member of the emergency medical services personnel that this chapter requires it to provide, and a volunteer firefighter or member of the emergency medical services personnel suffers a loss of the type that the insurance would have covered, then the unit shall pay to that volunteer firefighter or member of the emergency medical services personnel the same amount of money that the insurance would have paid to him. the volunteer firefighter or member of the emergency medical services personnel."
- Page 1, line 6, after "firefighter" insert "or member of the emergency medical services personnel".
- Page 1, line 8, after "firefighter" insert "or member of the emergency medical services personnel".

Page 1, line 17, after "weeks." insert "After July 23, 2009, the weekly indemnity may not be less than the Indiana minimum wage computed on the basis of a forty (40) hour week.".

Page 2, after line 3, begin a new paragraph and insert:

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"SECTION 5. IC 36-8-12-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 8. (a) The policy of insurance required by section 6 of this chapter must provide for the payment of a sum not less than one hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000) to the beneficiary, beneficiaries, or estate of a volunteer firefighter or member of the emergency medical services personnel if the firefighter or member of the emergency medical services personnel dies from an injury or smoke inhalation occurring while in the performance of the firefighter's or member of the emergency medical services personnel's duties as a volunteer firefighter or member of the emergency medical services personnel or from a cardiac disease event proximately caused within forty-eight (48) hours by or occurring while in the performance of the firefighter's or member of the emergency medical services personnel's duties as a volunteer firefighter or member of the emergency medical services personnel.

- (b) The policy of insurance must provide for the payment of a sum not less than one hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$150,000) to the volunteer firefighter or member of the emergency medical services personnel if the firefighter or member of the emergency medical services personnel becomes totally and permanently disabled for a continuous period of not less than two hundred sixty (260) weeks as a result of an injury or smoke inhalation occurring in the performance of the firefighter's or member of the emergency medical services personnel's duties as a volunteer firefighter or member of the emergency medical services personnel.
- (c) The policy of insurance must also provide for indemnification to a member of a volunteer fire department who becomes partially and permanently disabled or impaired as a result of an injury or smoke inhalation occurring in the performance of the firefighter's **or member** of the emergency medical services personnel's duties.
- (d) For the purposes of this section, partial and permanent disability or impairment shall be indemnified as a percentage factor of a whole person.

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(e) In addition to other insurance provided volunteer firefighters or emergency medical services personnel under this chapter, each unit shall be covered by an insurance policy that provides a minimum of three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000) of insurance coverage for the liability of all of its the unit's volunteer firefighters or emergency medical services personnel for bodily injury or property damage caused by the firefighters or emergency medical services personnel acting in the scope of their duties while on the scene of a fire or other emergency. The civil liability of a volunteer firefighter or member of the emergency medical services personnel for:

- (1) an act that is within the scope of a volunteer firefighter's duties; or
- (2) the failure to do an act that is within the scope of a volunteer firefighter's duties;

while performing emergency services at the scene of a fire or other emergency or while traveling in an emergency vehicle from the fire station to the scene of the fire or emergency or from the scene of a fire or emergency back to the fire station is limited to the coverage provided by the insurance policy purchased under this subsection. A volunteer firefighter or member of the emergency medical services personnel is not liable for punitive damages for any act that is within the scope of a volunteer firefighter's or member of the emergency medical services personnel's duties. However, if insurance as required under this subsection is not in effect to provide liability coverage for a volunteer firefighter or member of the emergency medical services personnel, the firefighter or member of the emergency medical services personnel is not subject to civil liability for an act or a failure to act as described in this subsection.

SECTION 6. IC 36-8-12-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 10. (a) A:

- (1) volunteer firefighter, a member of the emergency medical services personnel, or an emergency medical technician working in a volunteer capacity for a volunteer fire department or ambulance company is covered; and
- (2) volunteer working for a hazardous materials response team may be covered;

by the medical treatment and burial expense provisions of the worker's compensation law (IC 22-3-2 through IC 22-3-6) and the worker's

1	occupational diseases law (IC 22-3-7).
2	(b) If compensability of the injury is an issue, the administrative
3	procedures of IC 22-3-2 through IC 22-3-6 and IC 22-3-7 shall be used
4	to determine the issue.
5	(c) This subsection applies to all units, including counties. All
6	expenses incurred for premiums of the insurance allowed under this
7	section may be paid from the unit's general fund in the same manner as
8	other expenses in the unit are paid.".
9	Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to HB 1362 as introduced.)

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

Representative Tincher